Semester Plan: -

Total weeks per semester: 26 weeks semester

Number of weeks per semester for instruction: 20 weeks (40 hours per week x 20 weeks=800

hours)

Number of working days: Minimum of 100 working days (5 days per week x 20 weeks)

Vacation, Holidays, Examination and Preparatory Holidays; 6 weeks

Vacation 3 Weeks

Holidays 1 week

Examination and Preparatory Holidays; 2 Weeks

COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WITH CREDIT STRUCTURE

6	Sixth	N-CHN(II) 301	Child Health Nursing II	2	40			1	80	12	20
		N-MHN(II) 305	Mental Health Nursing II	2	40			2	160	20	00
		NMLE 330	Nursing Management & Leadership	3	60			1	80	14	40
			Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynaecology (OBG) Nursing I including SBA module	3	60	1	40	3	240	34	40
		SSCC(II) 325	Self-study/Co-curricular							-	-
			TOTAL	10	200	1	40	7	560	10+1+ 80 7=18	00

VI SEMESTER

Scheme of Examination

S. No.	Course	Assessment (Marks)						
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks		
	Theory	-			•			
1	Child Health Nursing (I & II)	25		75	3	100		
		Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25 (with average of both)						
2	Mental Health Nursing (I & II)	25		75	3			
		Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25 (with average of both)				100		
3	Nursing Management & Leadership	25		75	3	100		
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics & Gynecology I	*25						
	Practical							
5	Child Health Nursing (I & II)	50 (Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25		50		100		
6	Mental Health Nursing (I & II)	50		50		100		
		(Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25)						
7	Midwifery/Obstetrics & Gynecology I	*25						

^{*}Will be added to Internal marks of Midwifery II theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with Cardiovascular, GI, genitourinary, nervous system disorders, orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders and communicable diseases
- 2. Provide care to children with common behavioural, social and psychiatric problems
- 3. Manage challenged children
- 4. Identify the social and welfare services for challenged children

COURSE OUTLINE

$\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods		
1	20 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology,	Cardiovascular system:	Lecture cum discussion	• Short answer		
		and nursing management of children with disorders of cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, and nervous system	rsing of congenital malformations • Demonstration and	Demonstration and practice session	 Objective type Assessment of		
			Congenital heart diseases: Cyanotic and Acyanotic (ASD,VSD, PDA,TOF)	practice session	skills with checklist		
			gastrointestinal, genitourinary, and	gastrointestinal, genitourinary, and • Others: Rheumatic fever and Rheuman heart disease, Congestive cardiac	_		
			Hematological conditions:				
			a) Congenital: Hemophilia, Thalassemia				
			b) Others: Anemia, Leukemia, Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, Hodgkins and non- hodgkins lymphoma				
			Gastro-intestinal system:				
			• Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations.				
			Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft palate, Congenital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis, Hirschsprungs disease (Megacolon), Anorectal malformation, Malabsorption syndrome, Abdominal wall defects, Hernia				
			Others: Gastroenteritis, Diarrhea, Vomiting, Protein energy malnutrition, Intestinal obstruction, Hepatic diseases, intestinal parasites				
			Genitourinary urinary system:				
			• Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations.				
			Congenital: Wilms tumor, Extropy of bladder, Hypospadias, Epispadias, Obstructive uropathy				
			Others: Nephrotic syndrome, Acute glomerulonephritis, renal failure				
			Nervous system:				
			Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations				
			a) Congenital: Spina bifida, Hydrocephalous.				
			b) Others: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Convulsive disorders (convulsions and seizures), Cerebral palsy head injury				
II	10 (T)	Describe the etiology,	Orthopedic disorders:	Lecture cum	Short answer		
		pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing	• Club foot	discussionDemonstration	Objective typeAssessment of		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	(Hrs) Company Company	nanagement of hildren with Orthopedic disorders, ye, ear and skin lisorders Explain the preventive neasures and strategies for children with communicable diseases Describe the nanagement of shildren with behavioral & social	 Hip dislocation and Fracture Disorder of eye, ear and skin: Refractory errors Otitis media and 	_	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Eating disorder in children and management		
			o Obesity		
			Anorexia nervosa		
			0 Bulimia		
			Management of challenged children.		
			o Mentally		
			o Physically		
			o Socially		
			o Child abuse,		
			 Substance abuse 		
			Welfare services for challenged children in India		

CHILD HEALTH NUR CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II – CLINICAL PRACTICUM (1 Credit – 80 hours)

Given under Child Health Nursing - I as I & II

References

- 1. Ghai O.p. et al. (2000) Ghai's Essentials of Paediatrics. 1st edn. Mehta offset works. New Delhi.
- 2. Marlow Dorothy & Redding. (2001) Textbook of Paed. Nsg. 6th edn. Harbarcourt India ltd. New Delhi
- 3. Parthsarathy et al. (2000) IAP Textbook of Paediatric Nsg. Jaypee bros., 2 nd ed. New Delhi.
- 4. Vishwanathan & Desai. (1999) Achar's Textbook of Paediatrics 3rd ed. Orient Longman. Chennai.
- 5. Wong Dona et al. Whaley & Wong's Nursing care of infants & children.6th edn. Mosby co. Philadelphia.
- 6. Dr. C.S. Waghale, Principles and Practice of Clinical Pediatrics, Vora publication 1996

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (40 Hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meetpsychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with substance use disorders, and personality and sexual disorders.
- 2. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with behavioural and emotional disorders occurring duringchildhood and adolescence.
- 3. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with organic brain disorders.
- 4. Identify and respond to psychiatric emergencies.
- 5. Carry out crisis interventions during emergencies under supervision.
- 6. Perform admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017.
- 7. Explore the roles and responsibilities of community mental health nurse in delivering community mental health services.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	
I	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	Nursing Management of Patients with Substance Use Disorders Prevalence and incidence Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Psychodynamics/etiology of substance use disorder (Terminologies: Substance Use, Abuse, Tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal) Diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment: History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment and drug and drug assay Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Special considerations for vulnerable population Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
П	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders	Nursing Management of Patient with Personality and Sexual Disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification of disorders Etiology, psychopathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental health assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	•	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
III	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing Management of Behavioural & Emotional Disorders occurring during Childhood and Adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorders, learning disorder) • Prevalence and incidence • Classifications • Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment		
			Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability		
			Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation		
IV	5 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria	Nursing Management of Organic Brain Disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders)	Lecture cum discussionCase discussion	• Essay • Short answer
			Prevalence and incidence	Case presentation	• Assessment of patient
		and management of organic brain	Classification	Clinical practice	management problems
		disorders.	 Etiology, psychopathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis 	-	problems
			Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment		
			Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders		
			Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation		
V	6 (T)	Identify psychiatric emergencies and	Psychiatric Emergencies and Crisis Intervention	Lecture cum discussion	 Short answer Objective type
		intervention	• Types of psychiatric emergencies (attempted suicide, violence/ aggression,	Case discussion	
			stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements	 Case presentation Clinical practice	
			Maladaptive behaviour of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s)		
			• Types of crisis		
			Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process		
			- Stress reduction interventions as per stress adaptation model		
			- Coping enhancement - Techniques of counseling		
VI	4 (T)	Explain legal	Legal Issues in Mental Health Nursing	Lecture cum	Short answer
•	. (1)	aspects applied in	Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The	discussion	Objective type
		mental health settings and role of	Mental Health Act 1987	Case discussion	- Objective type
		the nurse	(Protection of Children from Sexual Offence) POSCO Act		
			Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017		
			Rights of mentally ill clients		
			Forensic psychiatry and nursing		
			Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017 Role and responsibilities of nurses in implementing MHCA 2017 		
VII	5 (T)	Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describe Community Mental health services and role of the nurse	 Community Mental Health Nursing Development of Community Mental Health Services: National mental health policy viz. National Health Policy National Mental Health Program Institutionalization versus Deinstitutionalization Model of Preventive psychiatry Mental Health Services available at the primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and nurses' responsibilities Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, National and International Mental health nursing issues for special populations: Children, Adolescence, Women Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc. 	Lecture cum discussion Clinical/ field practice Field visits to mental health service agencies	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of the field visit reports

CLINICAL PRACTICUM – 2 Credits (80 hours)

Clinical Practicum for Mental Health Nursing - I & II are given under Mental Health Nursing - I Clinical Practicum

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

including SBA module

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical: 3 Credits (240 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shareddecision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- 9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

$\label{eq:course} COURSE\ OUTLINE$ $T-Theory, SL/L-Skill\ Lab/Lab,\ C-Clinical$

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	1	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Explain the history and current scenario of midwifery in India		 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	•	Short answer Objective type Essay Quiz

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			rentities	Wittings
		indicators	Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates		
			o Maternal death audit		
		Describe the various	National health programs related to RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health)		
		national health programs related to	Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing:		
		RMNCH+A	 Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) 		
		Identify the trends	o Midwifery-led care units (MLCU)		
		and issues in midwifery	 Women centered care, physiologic birthing and demedicalization of birth 		
			 Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth 		
			 Essential competencies for midwifery practice (ICM) 		
			 Universal rights of child-bearing women 		
			 Sexual and reproductive health and rights 		
			 Women's expectations & choices about care 		
			Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India:		
			INC/MOH&FW regulations		
			• ICM code of ethics		
			Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care		
		Discuss the legal and	 Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre- Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT) Act, Surrogate mothers 		
		ethical issues relevant to midwifery practice	 Roles and responsibilities of a midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in different settings (hospital/community) 		
			Scope of practice for midwives		
II	6 (T)	Review the	Anatomy and physiology of human	• Lecture	• Quiz
	3 (L)	anatomy and physiology of human	reproductive system and conception (Maternal, Fetal & Newborn	• Discussion	Short answer
		reproductive system	physiology) Review:	 Self-directed learning 	• Essay
			Female organs of reproduction	• Models	
			 Female pelvis – bones, joints, 	• Videos & films	
			ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations		
			• Foetal skull – bones, sutures,		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			fontanelles, diameters, moulding		
			Fetopelvic relationship		
			Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiene		
			Fertilization, conception and implantation		
			Embryological development		
			Placental development and function, placental barrier		
			Fetal growth and development		
			Fetal circulation & nutrition		
III	12 (T) 10 (L) 40 (C)	Provide preconception care to eligible couples	Assessment and management of normal pregnancy (ante-natal): Pre-pregnancy Care Review of sexual development (Self Learning) Socio-cultural aspects of human sexuality (Self Learning) Preconception care Pre-conception counseling (including awareness regarding normal birth) Genetic counseling (Self Learning) Planned parenthood	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Self-Learning Health talk Role play Counseling session 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Case study evaluation OSCE
		Describe the physiology, assessment and management of normal pregnancy Demonstrate knowledge, attitude and skills of midwifery practice throughout 1st,2nd and 3rd	Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III Trimesters) Normal pregnancy Physiological changes during pregnancy Assess and confirm pregnancy: Diagnosis of pregnancy – Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition Building partnership with women following RMC protocol Fathers' engagement in maternity care Ante-natal care: 1st Trimesters Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination, laboratory investigation Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy	Case discussion/presentation Simulation Supervised clinical practice Refer SBA module & Safe motherhood	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		trimesters	Antenatal care : as per GoI guidelines	booklet	
			Antenatal counseling (lifestyle changes, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior, sexual life during pregnancy, immunization etc.)	 Lab tests – performance and interpretation 	
			Danger signs during pregnancy	• Demonstration	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	• Roleplay	
			• Recording and reporting: as per the GoI guidelines		
			Role of Doula/ASHAs		
			II Trimester		
			 Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope 		
			Assessment of fetal well-being: DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests.		
			Antenatal care		
			Women centered care	• Demonstration of	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	antenatal assessment	
			Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, etc.		
			Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2 nd trimester		
			Rh negative and prophylactic anti D		
			Referral and collaboration, empowerment		
			Ongoing risk assessment		
			Maternal Mental Health		
			III Trimester		
			Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3 rd trimester		
			Third trimester tests and screening		
			Fetal engagement in late pregnancy		
			Childbirth preparation classes		

Unit Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning Danger signs of pregnancy –		
		recognition of ruptured membranes Education on alternative birthing positions – women's preferred choices, birth companion Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Role of Doula/ASHA's	 Scenario based learning Lecture Simulation Role play Refer GoI Guidelines Health talk Counseling session Demonstration of birthing positions Workshop on 	
			Workshop on alternative birthing positions	
IV 12 (T) 12 (L) 80 (C)	of labour in promoting normal	Physiology, management and care during labour Normal labour and birth Onset of birth/labour Per vaginal examination (if necessary) Stages of labour Organization of labour room – Triage, preparation for birth Positive birth environment Respectful care and communication Drugs used in labour as per GoI guidelines Fist Stage Physiology of normal labour Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph/labour care guide Assessing and monitoring fetal well being Evidence based care during 1st stage of labour Pain management in labour (non-pharmacological) Psychological support – Managing fear	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Bedside clinics Case discussion/ presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice – Per vaginal examination, Conduction of normal childbirth Refer SBA module LaQshya guidelines Dakshata guidelines 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

Nutrition during labour	g Assessment Methods
Promote positive childbirth experience for women Birth companion Role of Doula/ASHA's Second stage Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support Non-directive coaching Evidence based management of physiological birth/Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care (ENBC) Immediate assessment and care of the newborn Role of Doula/ASHA's Third Stage Physiology – placental separation and expulsion, hemostasis Physiological management of third stage of labour (recommended) Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels Assess perineal, vaginal tear/injuries and suture if required	
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Assess and provide care of the newborn immediately following birth • Essential newborn care (ENBC) • Immediate assessment and care of the newborn • Role of Doula/ASHA's Third Stage • Physiological management of third stage of labour • Active management of third stage of labour (recommended) • Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels • Assess perineal, vaginal tear/injuries and suture if required	
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injuries and suture if required	
Insertion of norther ILICD	
insertion of postpartum focts	
Immediate perineal care	
Initiation of breast feeding	
Skin to skin contact	
Newborn resuscitation	
Fourth Stage	
Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn	
labour and birth as a transitional event in the woman's life • Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss	
Documentation and Record of birth	

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
			Breastfeeding and latching		
			Managing uterine cramp		
		breast feeding and adequate latching	Alternative/complementary therapies		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Various childbirth practices		
			Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding		
			Maintaining records and reports		
V	7 (T)	Describe the physiology,	Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women	• Lecture	Essay type
	6 (L) 40 (C)	management and care of normal puerperium	Normal puerperium – Physiology, duration	DiscussionDemonstration	Short answerObjective
			Post-natal assessment and care –	Health talk	type
			facility and home-based care	• Simulated practice	• Assessment of skills with
			Perineal hygiene and care	• Supervised	checklist
			Bladder and bowel function	clinical practice	• OSCE
			Minor disorders of puerperium and its management	Refer SBA module	
			Physiology of lactation and lactation management		
			 Postnatal counseling and psychological support 		
			Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression		
			Transition to parenthood		
			Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth		
			Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices)		
			Diet during lactation-review		
			Post-partum family planning		
			Follow-up of postnatal mothers		
			Drugs used in the postnatal period		
			Records and reports		
VI	7 (T)	Discuss the need for	Assessment and ongoing care of	• Lecture	Essay type
	7 (L)	and provision of compassionate, family	normal neonates	• Discussion	Short answer
		centered midwifery	• Family centered care	Demonstration	• Objective
			Respectful newborn care and communication	• Simulated	type
		Describe the	Normal Neonate – Physiological	practice session	 Assessment of skills with
		assessment and care	adaptation	 Supervised clinical practice 	checklist
		of normal neonate	Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies	Refer safe deliver app module –	• OSCE
			• Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after	newborn	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			the childbirth (Routine care of newborn) • Skin to skin contact and	management • Partial completion of SBA module	
			thermoregulation Infection prevention		
			• Immunization		
			Minor disorders of newborn and its management		
VII	8 (T)	Explain various	Family welfare services	• Lecture	Essay type
	2 (L)	methods of family planning and role of	• Impact of early/frequent childbearing	*	Short answers
	40 (C)	nurse/midwife in providing family planning services	Comprehensive range of family planning methods	practiceField visits	• Objective type
		pranning services	○ Temporary methods – Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods	Scenario based learning	• Field visit reports
			Permanent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization	DiscussionGoI guidelines –	• Vignettes
			Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods	injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization	
			Emergency contraceptives		
			Recent trends and research in contraception		
			Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS)		
			Legal and rights aspects of FP		
			Human rights aspects of FP adolescents		
			Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review)		
			Importance of follow up and recommended timing		
			Gender related issues in SRH		
		Describe youth friendly services and	Gender based violence – Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife		
		role of nurses/ midwives	Special courts for abused people		
			Gender sensitive health services including family planning		
		Recognize the role of nurses/midwives in gender based violence			

PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: VI & VII SEMESTER

VI SEMESTER: MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 3 Credits (240 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests ex. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Organize labour room
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care
- 17. Perform PPIUCD insertion and removal
- 18. Counsel women on family planning and participate in family welfare services
- 19. Provide youth friendly health services
- 20. Identify, assess, care and refer women affected with gender based violence

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers
- 5. Micro birth planning
- 6. PV examination
- 7. Monitoring during first stage of labour Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 8. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 9. Mechanism of labour normal
- 10. Conduction of normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 11. Active management of third stage of labour
- 12. Placental examination
- 13. Newborn resuscitation
- 14. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 15. Postnatal assessment

- 16. Newborn assessment
- 17. Kangaroo mother care
- 18. Family planning counseling
- 19. PPIUCD insertion and removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS (6 weeks × 40 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinical Area	Duration (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Area Antenatal OPD and Antenatal ward	(weeks) 1 week	Perform antenatal assessment Perform laboratory tests for antenatal women and assist in selected antenatal diagnostic procedures Counsel antenatal women	 Clinical Skills History collection Physical examination Obstetric examination Pregnancy confirmation test Urine testing Blood testing for Hemoglobin, grouping & typing Blood test for malaria KICK chart USG/NST Antenatal counseling Preparation for childbirth Birth preparedness and complication readiness 	Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study	• OSCE • Case presentation
Labour	3 weeks	Monitor labour using partograph Provide care to women during labour Conduct normal childbirth, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn	 Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Per vaginal examination when indicated Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour 	 Partograph recording PV examination Assisting/ Conduction of normal childbirth Case study Case presentation Episiotomy and suturing if indicated Newborn resuscitation 	 Assignment case study Case presentation OSCE
Post- partum clinic and Postnatal Ward including FP unit	2 weeks	Perform postnatal assessment Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn	 Postnatal assessment Care of postnatal mothers – normal Care of normal newborn Lactation management 	 Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case study 	AssignmentCase studyCase presentation

Clinical Area	Clinical Learning Outcomes		Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Postnatal counselingHealth teaching on postnatal and newborn care	• PPIUCD	
	Provide family welfare services	Family welfare counseling	insertion & removal	

Note: Partial Completion of SBA module during VI semester

VII SEMESTER

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - II

PRACTICUM

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify, stabilize and refer antenatal women with complications
- 2. Provide care to antenatal women with complications
- 3. Provide post abortion care& counselling
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 6. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 7. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications, stabilize and refer them
- 8. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal women and their families using nursing process approach
- 9. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 10. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery and obstetric nursing
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Assess and care for women with gynecological disorders
- 13. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 14. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2. Post abortion care & counseling
- 3. Counseling antenatal women for complication readiness
- 4. Mechanism of labour abnormal
- 5. Assisting in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Management of complications during pregnancy/labour/post partum (case studies/simulated scenarios)
- 7. Administration of Inj. Magnesium sulphate
- 8. Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip for PPH
- 9. Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 10. Management of PPH Balloon tamponade
- 11. Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 12. Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 13. Cervical biopsy
- 14. Breast examination
- 15. Counseling of infertile couples

CLINICAL POSTINGS (8 weeks × 40 hours per week = 320 hours)

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Antenatal OPD/ infertility clinics/ Reproductive medicine and	2 weeks	Perform/assist in selected advanced antenatal diagnostic procedures	 Kick chart, DFMC Assist in NST/CTG/USG Assisting in advanced diagnostic procedures 	Antenatal palpationHealth talkCase study	SimulationCase presentationOSCE
antenatal ward		Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy Counsel antenatal mothers Provide post abortion care and postnatal counselling Provide counselling and support to infertile couples	 Care of antenatal women with complications in pregnancy Antenatal counselling Preparation for childbirth, Birth preparedness and complication readiness Post abortion care Post abortion counselling Counselling infertile couples 		
Labour room	2 weeks	Conduction of normal chidlbirth Conduct/assist in abnormal deliveries Monitor labour using partograph Identify and manage complications during labour	 Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Pervaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour Identification, stabilization, referal and assisting in management of prolonged labour, cervical dystocia, CPD, contracted pelvis Assist in the management of 	Partograph recording Pain management during labour Conduction of normal childbirth Assisting in abnormal deliveries Managing complication during labour Case study Case presentation	 Assignment Case study Case presentation Simulation OSCE

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			abnormal deliveries – posterior position, breech deliveries, twin deliveries, vacuum extraction, forceps delivery, shoulder dystocia		
			Assist in cervical encerclage procedures, D&C, D&E		
			Identify, assist and manage trauma to the birth canal, retained placenta, post partum hemorrhage, uterine atony		
			Management of obstetric shock		
Postnatal Ward	1 week	Perform postnatal assessment and identify postnatal complications Provide postnatal care	 Postnatal history collection and physical examination Identify postnatal complications 	 Health talk Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment 	Role playAssignmentCase studyCase presentation
			Care of postnatal mothers – abnormal deliveries, caesarean section Care of pormal powhere.	 Case studies Case presentation	 Simulation Vignettes
			 Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counselling	PPIUCD insertion and removal	• OSCE
		Provide family welfare services	 Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counselling 		
Neonatal Intensive Care Unit	1week	Perform assessment of newborn and identify complications/congenital anomalies Perform neonatal resuscitation	 Neonatal assessment – identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Neonatal resuscitation Phototherapy and management 	 Case study Case presentation Assignments Simulated practice 	 Case presentation Care study Care plan Simulation, Vignettes
		Care of high risk newborn	 Assist in Exchange transfusion Neonatal feeding – spoon and katori, paladai, NG tube 	practice	• OSCE
		Provide care for newborns in ventilator, incubator etc	 Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer Infection control in the nursery Neonatal medications 		
		Assist/perform special neonatal procedures	Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation		
Obstetric/ Gynae operation theatre &	2weeks	Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries	 Observe/Assist in caesarean section Management of retained placenta 	Assisting in obstetric and gynecological surgery	 Assignment Tray set-up for obstetric and gynecological
Gynae operation	2weeks		section	obstetric and gynecological	Tray set obstetrice

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
Areas	(Weeks)		Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Ward		gynecological disorders	 Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture Care of women with gynecological conditions Health education 	caesarean section • Care plan	Case presentationSimulationVignettes

Note: Completion of safe delivery App module during VII Semester

REFERENCE

- 1. DUTTA--Text book of Obstetrics 4th Ed., -Text book of Gynecology 3rd ed.
- 2. C.S. DAWN- Textbook of Gynecology Contraception and Demography 13th ed.
- 3. BOBAK JENSEN- Essentials of Maternity Nursing 3rd ed.
- 4. LONGMAN Clinical Obstetrics 9th ed.
- 5. CAMPBELL -Gynecology by ten teachers 17th ed.
- 6. MYLES Text book of Midwifes 14th ed.

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

including SBA module

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical: 3 Credits (240 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shareddecision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- 9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

$\label{eq:course} COURSE\ OUTLINE$ $T-Theory, SL/L-Skill\ Lab/Lab,\ C-Clinical$

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	1	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Explain the history and current scenario of midwifery in India		 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	•	Short answer Objective type Essay Quiz

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			rentities	Wittings
		indicators	Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates		
			o Maternal death audit		
		Describe the various	National health programs related to RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health)		
		national health programs related to RMNCH+A	Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing:		
			 Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) 		
		Identify the trends	o Midwifery-led care units (MLCU)		
		and issues in midwifery	 Women centered care, physiologic birthing and demedicalization of birth 		
			 Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth 		
			 Essential competencies for midwifery practice (ICM) 		
			 Universal rights of child-bearing women 		
			 Sexual and reproductive health and rights 		
			 Women's expectations & choices about care 		
			Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India:		
			INC/MOH&FW regulations		
			• ICM code of ethics		
			Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care		
		Discuss the legal and	 Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre- Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT) Act, Surrogate mothers 		
		ethical issues relevant to midwifery practice	 Roles and responsibilities of a midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in different settings (hospital/community) 		
			Scope of practice for midwives		
II	6 (T)	Review the	Anatomy and physiology of human	• Lecture	• Quiz
	3 (L)	anatomy and physiology of human	reproductive system and conception (Maternal, Fetal & Newborn	• Discussion	Short answer
		reproductive system	physiology) Review:	 Self-directed learning 	• Essay
			Female organs of reproduction	• Models	
			 Female pelvis – bones, joints, 	• Videos & films	
			ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations		
			• Foetal skull – bones, sutures,		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			fontanelles, diameters, moulding		
			Fetopelvic relationship		
			Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiene		
			Fertilization, conception and implantation		
			Embryological development		
			Placental development and function, placental barrier		
			Fetal growth and development		
			Fetal circulation & nutrition		
III	12 (T) 10 (L) 40 (C)	Provide preconception care to eligible couples	Assessment and management of normal pregnancy (ante-natal): Pre-pregnancy Care Review of sexual development (Self Learning) Socio-cultural aspects of human sexuality (Self Learning) Preconception care Pre-conception counseling (including awareness regarding normal birth) Genetic counseling (Self Learning) Planned parenthood	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Self-Learning Health talk Role play Counseling session 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Case study evaluation OSCE
		Describe the physiology, assessment and management of normal pregnancy Demonstrate knowledge, attitude and skills of midwifery practice throughout 1st,2nd and 3rd	Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III Trimesters) Normal pregnancy Physiological changes during pregnancy Assess and confirm pregnancy: Diagnosis of pregnancy – Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition Building partnership with women following RMC protocol Fathers' engagement in maternity care Ante-natal care: 1st Trimesters Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination, laboratory investigation Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy	Case discussion/presentation Simulation Supervised clinical practice Refer SBA module & Safe motherhood	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		trimesters	Antenatal care : as per GoI guidelines	booklet	
			Antenatal counseling (lifestyle changes, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior, sexual life during pregnancy, immunization etc.)	 Lab tests – performance and interpretation 	
			Danger signs during pregnancy	• Demonstration	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	• Roleplay	
			• Recording and reporting: as per the GoI guidelines		
			Role of Doula/ASHAs		
			II Trimester		
			 Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope 		
			Assessment of fetal well-being: DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests.		
			Antenatal care		
			Women centered care	• Demonstration of	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	antenatal assessment	
			Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, etc.		
			Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2 nd trimester		
			Rh negative and prophylactic anti D		
			Referral and collaboration, empowerment		
			Ongoing risk assessment		
			Maternal Mental Health		
			III Trimester		
			Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3 rd trimester		
			Third trimester tests and screening		
			Fetal engagement in late pregnancy		
			Childbirth preparation classes		

Unit Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning Danger signs of pregnancy –		
		recognition of ruptured membranes Education on alternative birthing positions – women's preferred choices, birth companion Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Role of Doula/ASHA's	 Scenario based learning Lecture Simulation Role play Refer GoI Guidelines Health talk Counseling session Demonstration of birthing positions Workshop on 	
			Workshop on alternative birthing positions	
IV 12 (T) 12 (L) 80 (C)	of labour in promoting normal	Physiology, management and care during labour Normal labour and birth Onset of birth/labour Per vaginal examination (if necessary) Stages of labour Organization of labour room – Triage, preparation for birth Positive birth environment Respectful care and communication Drugs used in labour as per GoI guidelines Fist Stage Physiology of normal labour Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph/labour care guide Assessing and monitoring fetal well being Evidence based care during 1st stage of labour Pain management in labour (non-pharmacological) Psychological support – Managing fear	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Bedside clinics Case discussion/ presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice – Per vaginal examination, Conduction of normal childbirth Refer SBA module LaQshya guidelines Dakshata guidelines 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

Nutrition during labour	g Assessment Methods
Promote positive childbirth experience for women Birth companion Role of Doula/ASHA's Second stage Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support Non-directive coaching Evidence based management of physiological birth/Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care (ENBC) Immediate assessment and care of the newborn Role of Doula/ASHA's Third Stage Physiology – placental separation and expulsion, hemostasis Physiological management of third stage of labour (recommended) Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels Assess perineal, vaginal tear/injuries and suture if required	
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Discuss how the midwife provides care and support for the women during birth to enhance physiological birthing and promote normal birth Assess and provide care of the newborn immediately following birth Assess and provide care of the newborn immediately following birth Assess and provide care of the newborn immediately following birth Assess and provide care of the newborn immediately following birth Assess and provide care of the newborn immediately following birth Essential newborn care (ENBC) Immediate assessment and care of the newborn Role of Doula/ASHA's Third Stage Physiological management of third stage of labour Active management of third stage of labour (recommended) Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels Assess perineal, vaginal tear/injuries and suture if required	
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injuries and suture if required	
Insertion of norther ILICD	
insertion of postpartum focts	
Immediate perineal care	
Initiation of breast feeding	
Skin to skin contact	
Newborn resuscitation	
Fourth Stage	
Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn	
labour and birth as a transitional event in the woman's life • Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss	
Documentation and Record of birth	

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
			Breastfeeding and latching		
		breast feeding and adequate latching	Managing uterine cramp		
			Alternative/complementary therapies		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Various childbirth practices		
			Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding		
			Maintaining records and reports		
V	7 (T)	Describe the physiology,	Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women	• Lecture	Essay type
	6 (L) 40 (C)	management and care of normal puerperium	Normal puerperium – Physiology, duration	DiscussionDemonstration	Short answerObjective
			Post-natal assessment and care –	Health talk	type
			facility and home-based care	• Simulated practice	• Assessment of skills with
			Perineal hygiene and care	• Supervised	checklist
			Bladder and bowel function	clinical practice	• OSCE
			Minor disorders of puerperium and its management	Refer SBA module	
			Physiology of lactation and lactation management		
			 Postnatal counseling and psychological support 		
			Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression		
			Transition to parenthood		
			Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth		
			Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices)		
			Diet during lactation-review		
			Post-partum family planning		
			Follow-up of postnatal mothers		
			Drugs used in the postnatal period		
			Records and reports		
VI	7 (T)	Discuss the need for	Assessment and ongoing care of	• Lecture	Essay type
	7 (L)	and provision of compassionate, family	normal neonates	• Discussion	Short answer
		centered midwifery	• Family centered care	Demonstration	• Objective
		care of the newdom	Respectful newborn care and communication	• Simulated	type
		Describe the	Normal Neonate – Physiological	practice session	 Assessment of skills with
		assessment and care	adaptation	 Supervised clinical practice 	checklist
		of normal neonate	Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies	Refer safe deliver app module –	• OSCE
			• Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after	newborn	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			the childbirth (Routine care of newborn) • Skin to skin contact and	management • Partial completion of SBA module	
			thermoregulation Infection prevention		
			• Immunization		
			Minor disorders of newborn and its management		
VII	8 (T)	Explain various	Family welfare services	• Lecture	Essay type
	2 (L)	methods of family planning and role of	• Impact of early/frequent childbearing	*	Short answers
	40 (C)	nurse/midwife in providing family planning services	Comprehensive range of family planning methods	practiceField visits	• Objective type
		pranning services	○ Temporary methods – Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods	Scenario based learning	• Field visit reports
			Permanent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization	DiscussionGoI guidelines –	• Vignettes
			Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods	injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization	
			Emergency contraceptives		
			Recent trends and research in contraception		
			Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS)		
			Legal and rights aspects of FP		
			Human rights aspects of FP adolescents		
			Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review)		
			Importance of follow up and recommended timing		
			Gender related issues in SRH		
		Describe youth friendly services and	Gender based violence – Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife		
			Special courts for abused people		
			Gender sensitive health services including family planning		
		Recognize the role of nurses/midwives in gender based violence			

PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: VI & VII SEMESTER

VI SEMESTER: MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 3 Credits (240 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests ex. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Organize labour room
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care
- 17. Perform PPIUCD insertion and removal
- 18. Counsel women on family planning and participate in family welfare services
- 19. Provide youth friendly health services
- 20. Identify, assess, care and refer women affected with gender based violence

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers
- 5. Micro birth planning
- 6. PV examination
- 7. Monitoring during first stage of labour Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 8. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 9. Mechanism of labour normal
- 10. Conduction of normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 11. Active management of third stage of labour
- 12. Placental examination
- 13. Newborn resuscitation
- 14. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 15. Postnatal assessment

- 16. Newborn assessment
- 17. Kangaroo mother care
- 18. Family planning counseling
- 19. PPIUCD insertion and removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS (6 weeks × 40 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinical Area	Duration (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Area Antenatal OPD and Antenatal ward	(weeks) 1 week	Perform antenatal assessment Perform laboratory tests for antenatal women and assist in selected antenatal diagnostic procedures Counsel antenatal women	 Clinical Skills History collection Physical examination Obstetric examination Pregnancy confirmation test Urine testing Blood testing for Hemoglobin, grouping & typing Blood test for malaria KICK chart USG/NST Antenatal counseling Preparation for childbirth Birth preparedness and complication readiness 	Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study	• OSCE • Case presentation
Labour	3 weeks	Monitor labour using partograph Provide care to women during labour Conduct normal childbirth, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn	 Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Per vaginal examination when indicated Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour 	 Partograph recording PV examination Assisting/ Conduction of normal childbirth Case study Case presentation Episiotomy and suturing if indicated Newborn resuscitation 	 Assignment case study Case presentation OSCE
Post- partum clinic and Postnatal Ward including FP unit	2 weeks	Perform postnatal assessment Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn	 Postnatal assessment Care of postnatal mothers – normal Care of normal newborn Lactation management 	 Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case study 	AssignmentCase studyCase presentation

Clinical Area	Clinical Learning Outcomes		Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Postnatal counselingHealth teaching on postnatal and newborn care	• PPIUCD	
	Provide family welfare services	Family welfare counseling	insertion & removal	

Note: Partial Completion of SBA module during VI semester

VII SEMESTER

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - II

PRACTICUM

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify, stabilize and refer antenatal women with complications
- 2. Provide care to antenatal women with complications
- 3. Provide post abortion care& counselling
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 6. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 7. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications, stabilize and refer them
- 8. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal women and their families using nursing process approach
- 9. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 10. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery and obstetric nursing
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Assess and care for women with gynecological disorders
- 13. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 14. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2. Post abortion care & counseling
- 3. Counseling antenatal women for complication readiness
- 4. Mechanism of labour abnormal
- 5. Assisting in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Management of complications during pregnancy/labour/post partum (case studies/simulated scenarios)
- 7. Administration of Inj. Magnesium sulphate
- 8. Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip for PPH
- 9. Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 10. Management of PPH Balloon tamponade
- 11. Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 12. Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 13. Cervical biopsy
- 14. Breast examination
- 15. Counseling of infertile couples

CLINICAL POSTINGS (8 weeks × 40 hours per week = 320 hours)

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Antenatal OPD/ infertility clinics/ Reproductive medicine and	2 weeks	Perform/assist in selected advanced antenatal diagnostic procedures	 Kick chart, DFMC Assist in NST/CTG/USG Assisting in advanced diagnostic procedures 	Antenatal palpationHealth talkCase study	SimulationCase presentationOSCE
antenatal ward		Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy Counsel antenatal mothers Provide post abortion care and postnatal counselling Provide counselling and support to infertile couples	 Care of antenatal women with complications in pregnancy Antenatal counselling Preparation for childbirth, Birth preparedness and complication readiness Post abortion care Post abortion counselling Counselling infertile couples 		
Labour room	2 weeks	Conduction of normal chidlbirth Conduct/assist in abnormal deliveries Monitor labour using partograph Identify and manage complications during labour	 Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Pervaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour Identification, stabilization, referal and assisting in management of prolonged labour, cervical dystocia, CPD, contracted pelvis Assist in the management of 	Partograph recording Pain management during labour Conduction of normal childbirth Assisting in abnormal deliveries Managing complication during labour Case study Case presentation	 Assignment Case study Case presentation Simulation OSCE

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			abnormal deliveries – posterior position, breech deliveries, twin deliveries, vacuum extraction, forceps delivery, shoulder dystocia		
			Assist in cervical encerclage procedures, D&C, D&E		
			Identify, assist and manage trauma to the birth canal, retained placenta, post partum hemorrhage, uterine atony		
			Management of obstetric shock		
Postnatal Ward	1 week	Perform postnatal assessment and identify postnatal complications Provide postnatal care	 Postnatal history collection and physical examination Identify postnatal complications 	 Health talk Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment 	 Role play Assignment Case study Case
			Care of postnatal mothers – abnormal deliveries, caesarean section Care of pormal powhere.	 Case studies Case presentation	presentationSimulationVignettes
			 Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counselling	PPIUCD insertion and removal	• OSCE
		Provide family welfare services	 Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counselling 		
Neonatal Intensive Care Unit	1week	Perform assessment of newborn and identify complications/congenital anomalies Perform neonatal resuscitation	 Neonatal assessment – identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Neonatal resuscitation Phototherapy and management 	 Case study Case presentation Assignments Simulated practice 	 Case presentation Care study Care plan Simulation, Vignettes
		Care of high risk newborn	 Assist in Exchange transfusion Neonatal feeding – spoon and katori, paladai, NG tube 	practice	• OSCE
		Provide care for newborns in ventilator, incubator etc	 Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer Infection control in the nursery Neonatal medications 		
		Assist/perform special neonatal procedures	Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation		
Obstetric/ Gynae operation theatre &	2weeks	Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries	 Observe/Assist in caesarean section Management of retained placenta 	Assisting in obstetric and gynecological surgery	 Assignment Tray set-up for obstetric and gynecological
Gynae operation	2weeks		section	obstetric and gynecological	Tray set obstetrice

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
Areas	(Weeks)		Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Ward		gynecological disorders	 Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture Care of women with gynecological conditions Health education 	caesarean section • Care plan	Case presentationSimulationVignettes

Note: Completion of safe delivery App module during VII Semester

REFERENCE

- 1. DUTTA--Text book of Obstetrics 4th Ed., -Text book of Gynecology 3rd ed.
- 2. C.S. DAWN- Textbook of Gynecology Contraception and Demography 13th ed.
- 3. BOBAK JENSEN- Essentials of Maternity Nursing 3rd ed.
- 4. LONGMAN Clinical Obstetrics 9th ed.
- 5. CAMPBELL -Gynecology by ten teachers 17th ed.
- 6. MYLES Text book of Midwifes 14th ed.

NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

PLACEMENT: VI Semester

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours) includes Lab/Skill Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India.
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing.
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital.
- 4. Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing personnel including in service education.
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit.
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control.
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies.
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies.
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities.
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process.

- 11. Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress.
- 12. Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities.
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum.
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education.
- 15 Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement.

COURSE OUTLINE

T-Theory

Unit	Time	_	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes			Methods
П		Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends Explain the principles and functions of management applied to nursing	Health Care and Development of Nursing Services in India Current health care delivery system of India – review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management Management Basics Applied to Nursing Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management	Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment Lecture and discussion	 Short answer Assessment of assignment MCQ Short answer
		Describe the introductory concepts of management as a process	 Management and administration Functions of management Principles of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management Process Planning Organizing Staffing Directing/Leading Controlling 		
			MANAGEMENT OF NURSING		
			SERVICES		
III	4 (T)	Describe the essential elements of planning	 Planning Nursing Services Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals Functional and operational planning 	 Lecture and Discussion Visit to specific hospital/ patient care units Demonstration of disaster drill in the respective setting 	• Formulate Mission & Vision Statement for the nursing department/ unit • Assessment

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes			Methods
			Strategic planning Dragger planning Court chart %		of problem- solving
			Program planning – Gantt chart & milestone chart		exercisesVisit Report
			 Budgeting – concepts, principles, types, 		visit report
			Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis		
			Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward)		
			Planning for emergency and disaster		
IV	4 (T)	Discuss the	Organizing	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		concepts of organizing including hospital organization	Organizing as a process – assignment, delegation and coordination	Comparison of organizational structure of various	• Assessment of assignment
			Hospital – types, functions & organization	organizations • Nursing care delivery systems –	
			Organizational development	assignment	
			Organizational structure	 Preparation of Organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing 	
			Organizational charts	services	
			Organizational effectiveness		
			Hospital administration, Control & line of authority		
			Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices		
			Nursing care delivery systems and trends		
			Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate		
V	6 (T)	Identify the significance of	Staffing (Human resource management)	Lecture and discussion	Formulate Job
		human resource management (HRM) and	Definition, objectives, components	• Role play	description at
			and functions	• Games self-assessment, case discussion and practice session	different levels of care
		material	Staffing & Scheduling	Calculation of staffing	& compare
		management and discuss its elements	• Staffing – Philosophy, staffing activities	requirements for a specified ward	with existing system
		Cicincitis	Recruiting, selecting, deployment	Wald	Preparation of duty roster
			Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation		duty foster
			Staffing units – Projecting staffing requirements/calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system		
			 Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels Assignment and nursing care 		
			responsibilities		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	U	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Explain the procedural steps of material management Develop managerial skill in inventory control and actively participate in procurement process	 Turnover and absenteeism Staff welfare Discipline and grievances In-Service Education Nature and scope of in-service education program Principles of adult learning – review Planning and organizing in-service educational program Methods, techniques and evaluation Preparation of report Material Resource Management Procurement, purchasing process, inventory control & role of nurse Auditing and maintenance in hospital and patient care unit 	• Visit to inventory store of the institution	 Preparation of MMF/records Preparation of log book & condemnation documents Visit Report
VI	5 (T)	Describe the important methods of supervision and guidance	Directing and Leading Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance Participatory management Inter-professional collaboration Management by objectives Team management Assignments, rotations Maintenance of discipline Leadership in management	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/ departments	 Assignment on Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/ Preparation of protocols and manuals
VII	4 (T)	Discuss the significance and changing trends of nursing leadership Analyze the different leadership styles and develop leadership competencies	 Leadership Definition, concepts, and theories Leadership principles and competencies Leadership styles: Situational leadership, Transformational leadership Methods of leadership development Mentorship/preceptorship in nursing Delegation, power & politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching Decision making and problem solving 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangers-ward incharge, ANS) 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of exercise/report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(1113)	Outcomes			Wittings
			Conflict management and negotiation		
			Implementing planned change		
VIII	4 (T) Explain the process of controlling and its activities	Controlling	Lecture cum discussion	 Assessment of prepared 	
		controlling and	Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices	Preparation of policies/ protocols for nursing units/ department	protocols
			Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction		
			Nursing rounds, Documentation – records and reports		
			Total quality management – Quality assurance, Quality and safety		
			Performance appraisal		
			Program evaluation review technique (PERT)		
			Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart)		
			Critical path analysis		
IX	4 (T)	Explain the concepts of	Organizational Behavior and Human Relations	Lecture and discussion	Short answer
		organizational behavior and group dynamics	Concepts and theories of organizational behavior	Role play/ exercise – Group dynamics & human relations	• OSCE
			Group dynamics		
			Review – Interpersonal relationship		
			Human relations		
			Public relations in the context of nursing		
			Relations with professional associations and employee unions		
			Collective bargaining		
			Review – Motivation and morale building		
			Communication in the workplace – assertive communication		
			Committees – importance in the organization, functioning		
X	fin ma rela	Describe the financial management related to nursing	Financial Management	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
			Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles & scope of	 Budget proposal review Preparation of budget proposal for a specific department 	• Essay
			functions, principles & scope of financial management		 Assessment of assignment
		services	Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department)	Tor a specific department	or assignment
			Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for – Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units		

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Outcomes			
			Budget and Budgetary process		
			Financial audit		
XI	1 (T)	Review the concepts, principles and methods and use of nursing informatics	Nursing Informatics/ Information Management – Review	Review Practice session	Short answer
			 Patient records Nursing records Use of computers in hospital, college and community Telemedicine & Tele nursing Electronic Medical Records (EMR), EHR 	Visit to departments	
XII	1 (T)	and resilience	Personal Management – Review • Emotional intelligence • Resilience building • Stress and time management – destressing • Career planning MANAGEMENT OF NURSING	Review Discussion	
			EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS		
XIII	4 (T)	Describe the process of establishing educational institutions and its accreditation guidelines	Establishment of Nursing Educational Institutions Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines – Faculty norms, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines Coordination with regulatory bodies – INC and State Nursing Council Accreditation – Inspections Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations	 Lecture and discussion Visit to one of the regulatory bodies 	• Visit report
XIV	4 (T)	planning and organizing functions of a	 Planning and Organizing Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college Organization structure of school/college Review – Curriculum planning Planning teaching and learning experiences, clinical facilities – master plan, time table and clinical rotation Budget planning – faculty, staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities – college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs, 	 Directed reading – INC Curriculum Preparation of organizational structure of the college Written assignment – writing philosophy of a teaching department Preparation of master plan, time table and clinical rotation 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of assignment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)	Outcomes			Methods
			computer lab, transport facilities		
			 Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative 		
			 Committees and functioning 		
			Clinical experiences		
XV	4 (T)	Develop	Staffing and Student Selection	Guided reading on faculty	Short answer
		understanding of staffing the college and selecting the	• Faculty/staff selection, recruitment and placement, job description	 Faculty welfare activities report Writing job description of tutors 	• Activity report
			Performance appraisal		Assessment
		students	Faculty development		of job description
			• Faculty/staff welfare		- George
			 Student recruitment, admission, clinical placement 		
XVI	4 (T)	Analyze the	Directing and Controlling	Review principles of evaluation	• Short
		leadership and management activities in an educational organization	• Review – Curriculum implementation and evaluation	 Assignment – Identify disciplinary problems among students Writing student record 	answerAssessment of assignment and record
			 Leadership and motivation, supervision – review 		
			Guidance and counseling		
			 Quality management – educational audit 		
			 Program evaluation, evaluation of performance 		
			Maintaining discipline		
			 Institutional records and reports – administrative, faculty, staff and students 		
XVII			PROFESSIONAL CONSIDERATIONS		
			Review – Legal and Ethical Issues		
			Nursing as a profession – Characteristics of a professional nurse		
			 Nursing practice – philosophy, aim and objectives 		
			 Regulatory bodies – INC and SNC constitution and functions 		
			Review – Professional ethics		
			 Code of ethics and professional conduct – INC & ICN 		
			• Practice standards for nursing – INC		
			• International Council for Nurses (ICN)		
			Legal aspects in nursing:		
			• Consumer protection act, patient rights		
			Legal terms related to practice, legal		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			system – types of law, tort law & liabilities • Laws related to nursing practice – negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties • Invasion of privacy, defamation of character • Nursing regulatory mechanisms – registration, licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice act, regulation for nurse practicies		
XVIII	2 (T)	Explain various opportunities for professional advancement	 Professional Advancement Continuing Nursing Education Career opportunities Membership with professional organizations – national and international Participation in research activities Publications – journals, newspaper 	 Prepare journal list available in India Write an article – research/clinical 	• Assessment of assignments

Note: Less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 2 Credits (80 hours) 2 weeks \times 40 hours per week = 80 hours

Practice Competencies:

Hospital

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/Nursing services/nursing department
- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports
- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals

10 Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching
- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE end of posting

CLINICAL POSTING: Management experience in hospital & college.

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